

P02  
13

$$T(t) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{10+4t^2}} \langle 3, -1, 2t \rangle$$

$$T'(t) = \left\langle -\frac{3}{2}(10+4t^2)^{-3/2}(8t), \frac{1}{2}(10+4t^2)^{-3/2}(8t), 2(10+4t^2)^{-3/2} + 2t(-\frac{3}{2})(10+4t^2)^{-5/2}(8t) \right\rangle$$

$$= \frac{4}{(\sqrt{10+4t^2})^3} \langle -3t, t, \frac{1}{2}(10+4t^2) - 2t^2 \rangle = \frac{4}{(10+4t^2)^{3/2}} \langle -3t, t, 5 \rangle \quad (b)$$

(get the common factor out of 5)

$$\frac{02}{2} = \frac{2^2}{(2(5+2t^2))^{3/2}} \langle -3t, t, 5 \rangle = \frac{2^2}{2^{3/2}(5+2t^2)^{3/2}} \langle -3t, t, 5 \rangle = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{(5+2t^2)^{3/2}} \langle -3t, t, 5 \rangle$$

14)  $r(t) = \sqrt{t}i + t^2j; t=4$   
 $r'(t) = \frac{1}{2}t^{-1/2}i + 2tj$   
 $r'(4) = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{4}}i + 8j, \|r'(4)\| = \sqrt{\frac{1}{16} + 64} = \frac{\sqrt{17}}{4}$

$$T(4) = \frac{r'(4)}{\|r'(4)\|} = \frac{\langle \frac{1}{4}, 8 \rangle}{\frac{\sqrt{17}}{4}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{17}} \langle 1, 4 \rangle$$

15) Find K at  $t=1$  for  $r(t) = t^2i + t^2j + kt$   
 $r'(t) = \langle 2t, 2t, 0 \rangle; r'(1) = \langle 2, 2, 0 \rangle$   
 $r''(t) = \langle 2, 0, 0 \rangle; r''(1) = \langle 2, 0, 0 \rangle$   
 $K = \frac{\|r'(t) \times r''(t)\|}{\|r'(t)\|^3} = \frac{\|\langle 2, 2, 0 \rangle \times \langle 2, 0, 0 \rangle\|}{\|\langle 2, 2, 0 \rangle\|^3}$   
 when  $t=1$

$$= \frac{\|\langle 0, 0, -2 \rangle\|}{\|\langle 2, 2, 0 \rangle\|^3} = \frac{2}{(\sqrt{8})^3} = \frac{2}{5^{3/2}}$$

16) Find K in 2-space when  $y = \frac{1}{x}$  at  $(-1, -1)$

use  $K = \frac{|y''|}{[1+(y')^2]^{3/2}}$   $y' = -\frac{1}{x^2}, y'' = \frac{2}{x^3}$

$$K = \frac{|-\frac{2}{x^3}|}{[1+(-\frac{1}{x^2})^2]^{3/2}} \text{ at } (-1, -1) = \frac{|\frac{2}{-1}|}{[1+(-\frac{1}{1})^2]^{3/2}} = \frac{2}{2^{3/2}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$$

17) Find K in 2-space for  $r(t) = 3\cos t i + 3\sin t j$  at  $(\sqrt{2}, \sqrt{2})$

use  $K = \frac{|(dt) \cdot N(t)|}{\|v(t)\|^2}$   $v = r'(t) = \langle -3\sin t, 3\cos t \rangle; \|r'(t)\| = 3$   
 $T = \frac{\langle -3\sin t, 3\cos t \rangle}{3} = \langle -\sin t, \cos t \rangle \quad N = \langle -\cos t, -\sin t \rangle$

$$a = \langle -3\cos t, -3\sin t \rangle; K = \frac{\langle -3\cos t, -3\sin t \rangle \cdot \langle -\cos t, -\sin t \rangle}{9}$$

$$K = \frac{3\cos^2 t + 3\sin^2 t}{9} = \frac{1}{3}$$

18)  $16 \geq 4x^2 + y^2$   
 $\frac{x^2}{2^2} + \frac{y^2}{4^2} \leq 1$

19)  $f(x, y) = x^3 + y^2 - 3xy + 5$   
 $f(-1, 2) = -1 + 4 + 6 + 5 = 14$

20)  $c = \sqrt{1+x^2-y}$   
 $c^2 = 1+x^2-y$   
 $y = x^2 + 1 - c^2$   
 vertex  $(0, 1-c^2)$   
 Parabolas  
 (d)



21)  $f(x, y) = e^{xy}(\cos x \sin y)$   
 $f_y = x e^{xy}(\cos x \sin y) + e^{xy}(\cos x \cos y)$   
 $= e^{xy} \cos x (x \sin y + \cos y)$